Patient Risk Assessment for Chemotherapy-Induced Febrile Neutropenia (FN) and G-CSF Use

For patients on myelosuppressive chemotherapy:

- Conduct patient risk assessment of FN at the first and every cycle
- It may be important to document 1 or more patient risk factors when treating with regimens with clinically significant FN risk

Patient Name	Date
Regimen risk	
☐ Chemotherapy regimens associated with a clinical Chemotherapy regimens	
Treatment intent	
☐ Curative/Adjuvant	□ Palliative Setting
Patient risk factors and most common ICD-10 co	des (see back for code descriptions)
Please write the specific ICD-10 code on the rule next	t to the risk factor.
Patient Status	Treatment History
\square Age $\geq 65^{1,2}$	☐ Previous chemotherapy ^{1,2}
☐ Poor performance status ^{1,2}	☐ Previous radiation therapy ^{1,2} (Z92.3) ⁴
Poor nutritional status ^{2,3} (E40-E46*, E50-E64*) ⁴	☐ Recent surgery ^{1,2} (Z40*, Z42*) ⁴
Preexisting or persistent neutropenia ^{1,2} (D61.81*, D70*) ⁴	Comorbidities □ Poor renal function ^{1,2} (N17*, N18*, N19*, N25*, N28*, R80.9, R94.4) ⁴
☐ Open wound ^{1,2} (\$01–\$91*) ⁴	☐ Liver dysfunction ^{1,2}
☐ Active infection ² (A00-B99*, M01*, T86*, Z22*) ⁴	(K70−K77*, R94.5) ⁴ □ HIV infection ^{1,2} (Z21, B20) ⁴
☐ Bone marrow involvement with tumor ^{1,2} (C79.5, C79.52) ⁴	☐ Cardiovascular disease²
☐ Advanced disease ²	(110–116*, I20–I25*, I26–I28*, I30–I52*, R94.3, Z95*) ⁴
☐ Chronic immunosuppression in the post-transplant setting, including organ transplant¹ (Z92.25, Z94*)⁴	
Prescribe G-CSF?	
☐ Yes ☐ No	
	prophylactic use changes to treatment plan cannot be considered and patient is still at risk of FN
Health Care Professional Signature	Date

Add this risk assessment to your patient's chart to help with prior authorizations for G-CSF use

* Subcodes exist for these risk factors.

Adapted with permission from the NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (NCCN Guidelines®) for Myeloid Growth Factors V.2.2017. © 2017 National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. All rights reserved. The NCCN Guidelines® and illustrations herein may not be reproduced in any form for any purpose without the express written permission of the NCCN. To view the most recent and complete version of the NCCN Guidelines®, go online to NCCN.org. The NCCN Guidelines® are a work in progress that may be refined as often as new significant data becomes available. NCCN makes no warranties of any kind whatsoever regarding their content, use or application and disclaims any responsibility for their application or use in any way.

References: 1. Referenced with permission from the NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (NCCN Guidelines®) for Myeloid Growth Factors V.2.2017. © National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc 2017. All rights reserved. Accessed October 18, 2017. To view the most recent and complete version of the guideline, go online to NCCN.org. NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK®, NCCN®, NCCN GUIDELINES®, and all other NCCN Content are trademarks owned by the National Comprehensive Cancer Network, Inc. 2. Smith T, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2015;33:3199-3212. 3. Aapro MS, et al. Eur J Cancer. 2011;47:8-32. 4. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. 2017 ICD-10-CM and GEMs. www.cms.gov/Medicare/Coding/ICD10/2017-ICD-10-CM-and-GEMs.html. Accessed July 14, 2017.



One Amgen Center Drive Thousand Oaks, CA 91320-1799

ICD-10 Codes for Febrile Neutropenia (FN) Risk Factors

For patients on myelosuppressive chemotherapy:

- Conduct patient risk assessment of FN at the first and every cycle
- It may be important to document 1 or more patient risk factors when treating with regimens with clinically significant FN risk

Patient Status

Age ≥ **65**

(No codes)

Poor performance status

(No codes)

Poor nutritional status

- E40-E46:* Malnutrition4
- E50–E64:* Other nutritional deficiencies⁴

Preexisting or persistent neutropenia

- D61.81:* Pancytopenia⁴
- D70:* Neutropenia⁴
 - D70.1: Agranulocytosis secondary to cancer chemotherapy
 - D70.2: Other drug-induced agranulocytosis
 - D70.3: Neutropenia due to infection
 - D70.4: Cyclic neutropenia
 - D70.9: Neutropenia, unspecified

Open wound

NOTE: There are > 300 codes for this risk factor. Coding depends on the location of the open wound. The range below includes some of the many potential coding options.

 S01–S91:* Injury and certain other consequences of external causes⁴

Active infection

NOTE: There are > 300 codes for this risk factor. Coding depends on the source and type of infection. The range below includes some of the many potential coding options.

- A00–B99:* Certain infectious and parasitic diseases⁴
- M01:* Direct infections of joint in infectious and parasitic diseases classified elsewhere⁴
- T86:* Complications of transplanted organs and tissues⁴
- Z22:* Carrier of infectious disease4

Bone marrow involvement with tumor

- C79.5: Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone and bone marrow⁴
- C79.52: Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone marrow⁴

Advanced disease

NOTE: There are > 300 codes for this risk factor. Coding depends on clinician definition.

Chronic immunosuppression in the post-transplant setting, including organ transplant

- Z92.25: Personal history of immunosuppression therapy⁴
- Z94:* Transplanted organ and tissue status⁴

Treatment History

Previous chemotherapy

(No codes)

Previous radiation therapy

Z92.3: Personal history of irradiation⁴

Recent surgery

- Z40:* Encounter for prophylactic surgery⁴
- Z42:* Encounter for plastic surgery and reconstructive surgery following medical procedure or healed injury⁴
 - Z42.1: Encounter for breast reconstruction following mastectomy
- Z42.8: Encounter for other plastic surgery and reconstructive surgery following medical procedure or healed injury

Comorbidities

Poor renal function

- N17:* Acute kidney failure4
 - N17.9: Acute kidney failure, unspecified
- N18:* Chronic kidney disease⁴
 - N18.6: End stage renal disease
 - N18.9: Chronic kidney disease, unspecified

- N19:* Unspecified kidney failure4
- N25:* Disorders resulting from poor renal tubular function⁴
- N28:* Other disorders of kidney and ureter, not classified elsewhere⁴
- R80.9: Proteinuria, unspecified⁴
- R94.4: Abnormal results of kidney function studies⁴

Liver dysfunction

- K70–K77:* Diseases of liver⁴
 - K70.9: Alcoholic liver disease, unspecified
 - K71.9: Toxic liver disease, unspecified
 - K72.9: Hepatic failure, unspecified
 - K73.9: Chronic hepatitis, unspecified
 - K74: Fibrosis & cirrhosis of liver
 - K75.9: Inflammatory liver disease, unspecified
 - K76.9: Liver disease, unspecified
- R94.5: Abnormal results of liver function studies⁴

HIV infection

- Z21: Asymptomatic human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] infection status⁴
- B20: Human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] disease⁴

Cardiovascular disease

- I10-I16:* Hypertensive diseases⁴
- I20–I25:* Ischemic heart diseases⁴
- I26–I28:* Pulmonary heart disease & diseases of pulmonary circulation⁴
- I30–I52:* Other forms of heart disease⁴
- R94.3: Abnormal result of cardiovascular function studies⁴
- Z95: Presence of cardiac & vascular implants and grafts⁴

^{*} Subcodes exist for these risk factors.